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OFFICE	OF	THE	SECRETARY	OF DEFENSE
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		11 May	1977
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Memo For	ADMIRAL	TURNER	

- 1) Does CIA have similar views?
- In any case, would it not be useful for the President to have information on this subject, if it has not already been discussed with him in this detail?

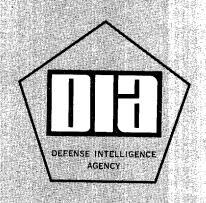
Harold

Harold Brown

Attachment (Codeword document dated 5/10/77 DIAIAPPR 158G-77)

NSA, DIA reviews completed

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INTELLIGENCE APPRAISAL

PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA: STRATEGIC IMPACT OF SURFACE-TO-SURFACE MISSILE DEPLOYMENT PATTERNS (U)

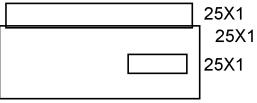
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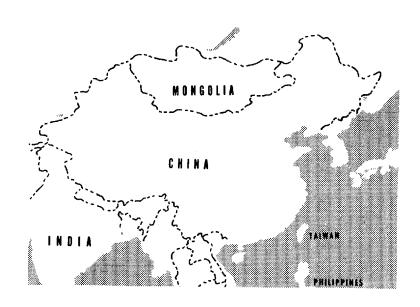
Classified By I K-1
Exempt From General Declassification
Schedule Of Executive Order 11652
Exemption Category 2

Warning Notice
Sensitive Intelligence Sources and Methods Involved
National Security Information
Unauthorized Disclosure Subject to Criminal Sanctions



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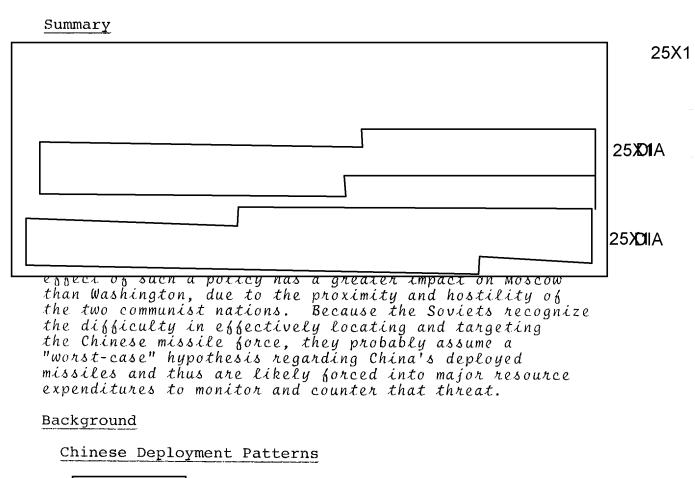
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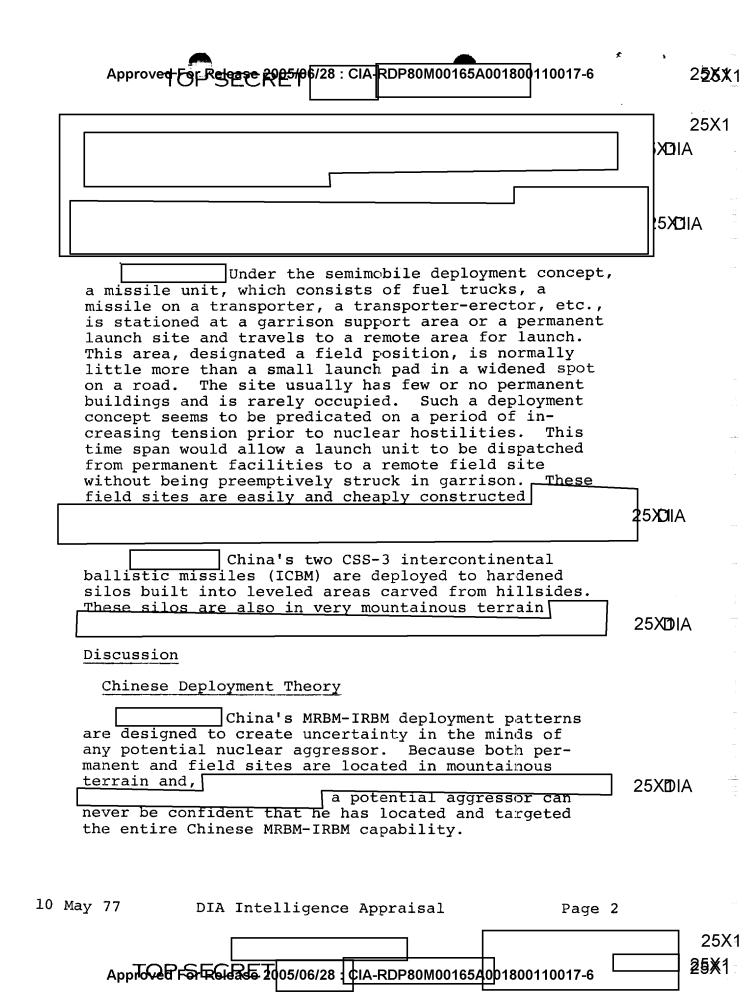


Chinese Deployment Patterns

The Peoples Republic of China (PRC) has deployed its force of about 70 medium-range ballistic missiles (MRBM) and intermediate-range ballistic missiles (IRBM) in two modes -- permanent and semimobile. Most of the force is deployed to permanent soft sites clustered into launch complexes.

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potential adversaries, particularly those who may not have discovered China's two operational silos, to be aware of the PRC's ability to deploy (70 percent) silo-based ICBMs.

Thus, even with their small ICBM force, the Chinese seem intent on creating uncertainty in the minds of potential nuclear adversaries and thus to maximize the deterrent effect of the force.

Impact of Chinese Deployment Patterns on USSR-US Threat Perceptions

US Perceptions

In Peking's view, its most likely nuclear adversaries currently are the USSR and the US. From Washington's viewpoint, China poses no immediate threat to the continental US. China does, however, have the capability to launch about 70 MRBMs and IRBMs and two ICBMs against US bases and allies in Asia. The US also recognizes that Chinese strategic missiles could be used in a tactical, theater support role if a conventional conflict occurred in China or near the latter's borders.

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Soviet Perceptions

China is a major problem. Sharing a very extensive border with the PRC and being a prime challenger for the right to interpret communist dogma, China is an inherent military threat to the USSR and a principal ideological adversary. China's missile capability, while not a viable offensive threat to the Soviet Union, may be a credible deterrent to any Soviet intention to initiate nuclear hostilities. Moscow could not unleash (80 percent) a missile strike against the PRC without facing nuclear retaliation by the Chinese.

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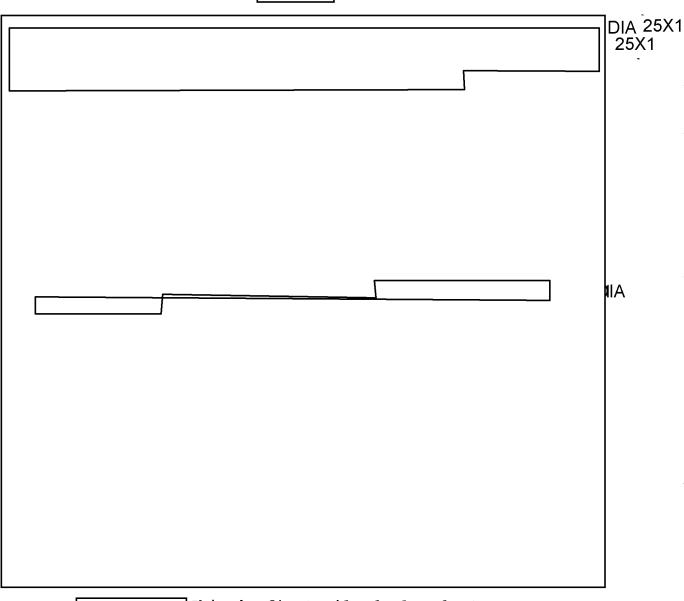
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China's first silo-deployed ICBM became operational late in 1975. Numerous opensource references to the operational status of the missile began to appear at that time. The 13 Oct 75 issue of Aviation Week and Space Technology noted the "recent Chinese deployment of two CSS-X-3 intercontinental ballistic missiles with warheads in the three-megaton range..." The article also claimed that "the Chinese ICBM has a range of more than 3,500 nautical miles, sufficient to hit Moscow and other industrial targets in the USSR. Silo for a third

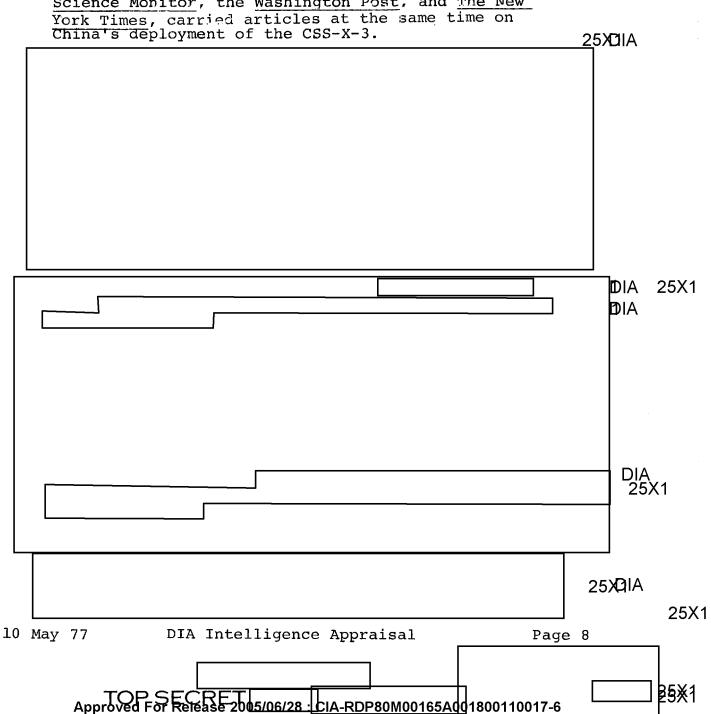
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CSS-X-3 has been constructed, but the missile has not been emplaced..." In testimony before a congressional committee in July 1975, an authoritative source stated that "a limited-range ICBM, the CSS-X-3, could become operational at one silo this year... the CSS-X-3 will cover nearly all of the USSR." This testimony became publicly available three months later. Other publications, including The Christian Science Monitor, the Washington Post, and The New York Times, carried articles at the same time on Chinals deployment of the CSS-X-3



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